

“WATER - IQ, Know Your Water”

Conserve Our Natural Resource

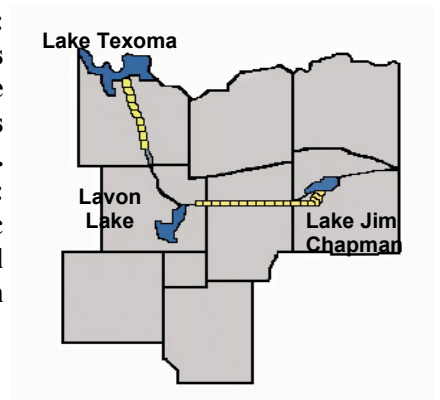
Get Easy, Simple Water Saving Tips at www.WaterIQ.org

2007 NTMWD Consumer Confidence Report

North Texas Municipal Water District (NTMWD) provides safe and reliable drinking water meeting the daily needs of approximately 1.6 million citizens served within its 1,875 square-mile service area. The NTMWD prides itself in producing and delivering water to your tap meeting stringent state and federal standards. Ensuring water quality, NTMWD utilizes up-to-date technology and a five barrier treatment process to ensure that the potable water supply meets and/or exceeds all Safe Drinking Water Standards.

The water treatment process removes or reduces particulates, impurities, and water-borne microorganisms. NTMWD routinely performs an array of water quality analyses prior to treatment, during treatment, and after the treatment process to maintain a high-quality water supply delivered to its Member Cities and Customers.

NTMWD utilizes three reservoirs for its raw water supplies: Lavon Lake, Lake Jim Chapman, and Lake Texoma. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals, as well as substances resulting from human or animal activity. Substances that may be present in untreated water include: biological impurities such as bacteria and viruses; inorganic impurities such as salts and metals; pesticides and herbicides; organic chemicals from industrial or petroleum use; and radioactive contaminants.

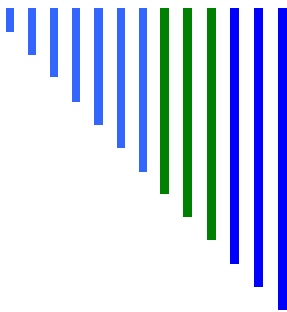


Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of impurities. The presence of impurities does not necessarily pose a health risk. The EPA regulations limit the amount of certain impurities in water provided by public water systems.

More information about contaminants and potential health effects may be obtained by calling EPA’s Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791). Federal Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

Este reporte incluye informacion importante sobre el agua para tomar.
Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al telefono (972) 442-5405.

This report includes important information regarding drinking water.
For assistance, please call telephone number (972)442.5405.



Water Facts:

The North Texas area has been experiencing persistent drought conditions since April 2005. With the ongoing drought, it is important to extend our water supply through wise and efficient use.

Visit www.WaterIQ.org for easy, sensible water saving tips.

Special Information

For People With Weakened Immune Systems

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population.

Immunocompromised persons - such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections.

These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers.

EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Cryptosporidium

- ◆ North Texas Municipal Water District has tested the lake water and treated water for the presence of cryptosporidium for many years.
- ◆ Cryptosporidium has not been detected in any of the samples tested.
- ◆ Cryptosporidium is a protozoan that is so small it can be seen only with a microscope. It affects the digestive tract of humans and animals.
- ◆ At this time, there is no specific drug therapy proven to be effective for cryptosporidiosis, but people with healthy immune systems will usually recover within two weeks.

The NTMWD continues to diligently test both source water and treated water for the presence of cryptosporidium.

Source Water Assessment Study

The TCEQ has completed an assessment of your source water, and results indicate that some of our sources are susceptible to certain constituents. The sampling requirements for your water system is based on this susceptibility and previous sample data. Any detections of these constituents will be found in the Consumer Confidence Report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system, contact NTMWD's public information office for an appointment.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health

Treatment Technique (TT) - a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Action Level - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers a treatment or other requirement a water system must follow

(ppm) - Parts per million

(ppb) - Parts per billion

(pCi/L) - picoCuries per liter

(mrem/yr) - millirem/year

NTU - Nephelometric Turbidity Units (this is the unit used to measure water turbidity)

MRDL - Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level—highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water

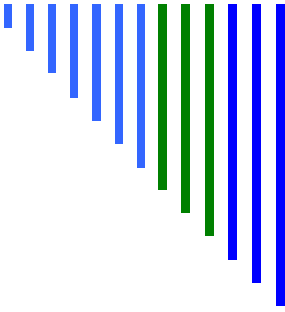
MRDLG - Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal - the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known expected risk to health

ND—Not Detected

This chart lists the contaminants detected in North Texas Municipal Water District drinking water supplied to Member Cities and Customers. As noted, the water quality surpasses standards for each contaminant as required by law.

Substance	Range	Highest Average Sample Point	MCL	MCLG	Possible Source
Regulated at the Treatment Plant					
Atrazine (ppb)	0.61-0.67	0.67	3	3	Herbicide runoff
Barium (ppm)	0.06	0.06	2	2	Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	0.80-0.90	0.90	4	4	Water additive
Nitrate (ppm)	0.23-0.49	0.49	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer
Simazine (ppb)	0.0-<0.21	<0.21	4	4	Herbicide runoff
Arsenic (ppb)	0	0	10	None	Erosion of natural deposits
Gross Alpha Particle Activity (pCi/L) **	ND-ND	ND	15	0	Erosion of natural deposits
Gross Beta (mrem/yr) **	<4.0 -<4.0	<4.0	4	0	Decay of natural & manmade deposits
Radium 228 (pCi/L) **	ND-ND	ND	5	0	Erosion of natural deposits
Dalapon (ppb)	0	0	200	0	Pesticide
Carbon Tetrachloride (ppb)	0.0	0.0	5	0	Cleaner
Cryptosporidium & Giardia (0o) cysts/L	0	0	TT	0	Human and animal fecal waste
Regulated at the Customer's Tap					
Copper (ppm)	0.01	0.01	Action Level=1.3	1.3	Corrosion of customer plumbing
Lead (ppb)	0	0	Action Level=15	15	Corrosion of customer plumbing
Unregulated Substances					
Sodium (ppm)	82.3	82.3	Not Regulated		Mineral
Sulfate (ppm)	114-116	116	250 proposed		Mineral
Bromodichloromethane (ppb)	13.5-32.0	24.4	Not regulated		By-Product of drinking water disinfection
Chloroform (ppb)	7.3-21.9	15.9	Not regulated		By-Product of drinking water disinfection
Dibromochloromethane (ppb)	14.9-35.7	26.3	Not regulated		By-Product of drinking water disinfection
Bromoform (ppb)	2.7-13.4	8.4	Not regulated		By-Product of drinking water disinfection
TOC (ppm)	3.03-5.00	4.16	TT		Organic material runoff
Regulated in the Distribution System					
Total Coliform (%)	0.0-2.3	2.30	5	0	Naturally present in the environment
Total HAA (ppb)	6.9-23.7	17.9	60	N/A	By-Product of drinking water disinfection
Total THMs (ppb)	48.2-102.0	75.7	80	N/A	By-Product of drinking water disinfection
		Highest Average	MRDL	MRDLG	
Chlorine Residual (Chloramines)	0.60-3.90	2.31	4	4	Disinfectant residual
		Average	MCL	% samples meeting limit	
Turbidity (NTU)	0.01-0.30	0.13	TT	100%	Soil runoff
Turbidity			Non-Regulated Substances		
Turbidity is a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity has no health effect; however, high turbidity can interfere with disinfection and provide a medium for bacterial growth.			Non-regulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist the EPA in determining the occurrences in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.		

** 2004 analyses data from most recent testing done in accordance with the regulations



We Welcome Your Comments

For questions or concerns
contact the NTMWD Administrative Office, 972/442-5405.
For additional information, visit our website at www.ntmwd.com.

NTMWD, created as a Special District of the State of Texas
under Chapter 62, Acts of 1951, 52nd Legislature of Texas,
holds regular Board of Director meetings on the fourth Thursday of
each month, with occasional changes due to holidays.



North Texas Municipal Water District

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Providing Quality Water Service, While Protecting Water Quality
